

MATH 244 (L2)**Applied Statistics****Quiz 1**

Name _____

Student ID _____

Tutorial section _____

Time allowed : 45 minutes

1. (9 marks) A machine is able to operate effectively as long as both of its two components are functioning. Within a certain period, the chance that the first component will fail is 0.4; the chance that the second component will fail is 0.7; and the chance that the second component will fail while the first still function is 0.42.

- (a) Are the failures of these two components independent events? Why?

Let A be the event that the first component fail, B be the event that the second component fail.

$$\Pr(\text{both fail}) = \Pr(A \cap B) = \Pr(B) - \Pr(\bar{A} \cap B) = 0.7 - 0.42 = 0.28$$

$$\Pr(A)\Pr(B) = 0.4 \times 0.7 = 0.28 = \Pr(A \cap B)$$

They are independent.

- (b) Are the failures of these two components disjoint events? Why?

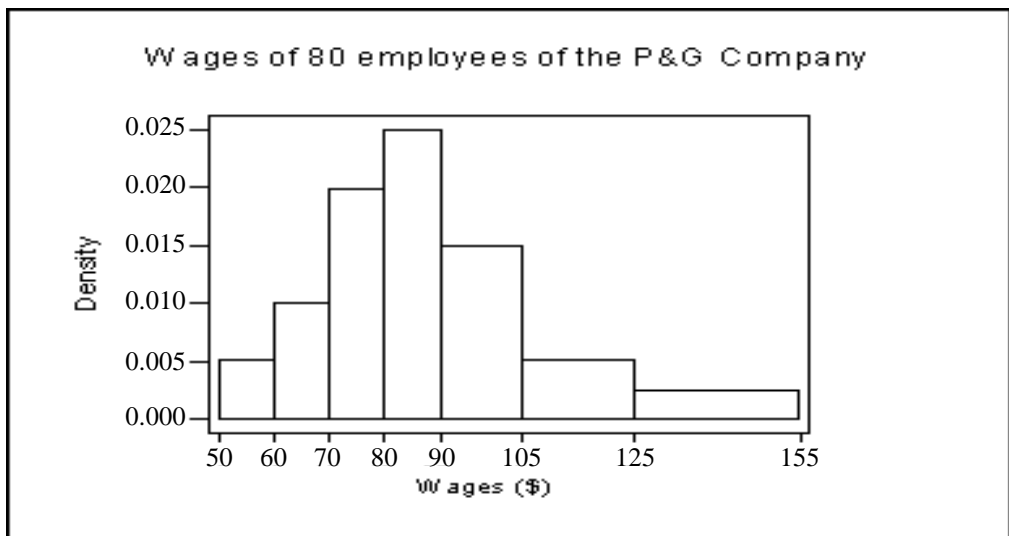
If they are disjoint, $\Pr(A \cap B)$ will be zero. Now $\Pr(A \cap B) = 0.28$. Therefore they are not disjoint.

- (c) If you found that the machine stop functioning, what is the probability that both components had failed to operate?

$$\Pr(A \cup B) = \Pr(A) + \Pr(B) - \Pr(A \cap B) = 0.4 + 0.7 - 0.28 = 0.82$$

$$\Pr(A \cap B | A \cup B) = \frac{\Pr((A \cap B) \cap (A \cup B))}{\Pr(A \cup B)} = \frac{\Pr(A \cap B)}{\Pr(A \cup B)} = \frac{0.28}{0.82} = \frac{14}{41} = 0.3415$$

2. (8 marks) The following histogram shows the distribution of the weekly wages in dollars of 80 employees at the P&R Company.



- (a) Complete the following frequency distribution table of the same set of data.

Wages (\$)	Frequency	Cumulative Frequency
50 – 60	4	4
60 – 70	8	12
70 – 80	16	28
80 – 90	20	48
90 – 105	18	66
105 – 125	8	74
125 - 155	6	80
Total	80	

- (b) Find the five number summary and hence sketch the boxplot for the data.

$$\text{Min} = 50, \quad \text{Max} = 155$$

$$\text{For } Q_L, \quad p = 0.25, \quad np = 80 \times 0.25 = 20$$

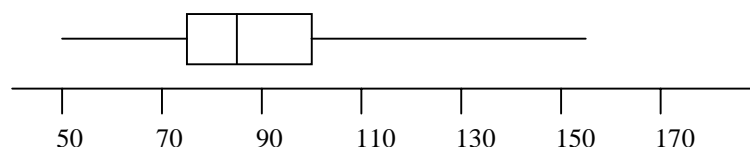
$$Q_L = 70 + \frac{(10)(20 - 12)}{16} = 75$$

$$\text{For median, } p = 0.5, \quad np = 80 \times 0.5 = 40$$

$$\text{median} = 80 + \frac{(10)(40 - 28)}{20} = 86$$

$$\text{For } Q_U, \quad p = 0.75, \quad np = 80 \times 0.75 = 60$$

$$Q_U = 90 + \frac{(15)(60 - 48)}{18} = 100$$



3. (8 marks) The Department of Wildlife needs to estimate the number of deer within a wildlife preserve. Deer do not generally cooperate by standing still to be counted, so a more subtle technique has been developed. Suppose that the preserve is known to contain either 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 deer with equal probability. We choose a deer at random, tag it, and let it go. The next day we observe a deer from this preserve and note whether it is tagged or not.

(a) What is the probability that the observed deer is **not** tagged?

$$\Pr(1 \text{ deer}) = \Pr(2 \text{ deer}) = \Pr(3 \text{ deer}) = \Pr(4 \text{ deer}) = \Pr(5 \text{ deer}) = \frac{1}{5}$$

$$\Pr(\text{not tagged} | 1 \text{ deer}) = \frac{0}{1} = 0, \quad \Pr(\text{not tagged} | 2 \text{ deer}) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Pr(\text{not tagged} | 3 \text{ deer}) = \frac{2}{3}, \quad \Pr(\text{not tagged} | 4 \text{ deer}) = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\Pr(\text{not tagged} | 5 \text{ deer}) = \frac{4}{5}$$

$$\Pr(\text{not tagged}) = \Pr(\text{not tagged} | 1 \text{ deer})\Pr(1 \text{ deer}) + \cdots + \Pr(\text{not tagged} | 5 \text{ deer})\Pr(5 \text{ deer})$$

$$= 0 \times \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{5} + \frac{2}{3} \times \frac{1}{5} + \frac{3}{4} \times \frac{1}{5} + \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{163}{300} = 0.5433$$

- (b) Suppose the observed deer is tagged. What are the posterior probabilities that the preserve contains 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 deer, respectively?

$$\Pr(\text{tagged}) = 1 - \Pr(\text{not tagged}) = \frac{137}{300} = 0.4567$$

$$\Pr(1 \text{ deer} | \text{tagged}) = \frac{\Pr(\text{tagged} | 1 \text{ deer})\Pr(1 \text{ deer})}{\Pr(\text{tagged})} = \frac{1}{1} \times \frac{1}{5} \bigg/ \frac{137}{300} = \frac{60}{137} = 0.4380$$

$$\begin{aligned} \Pr(2 \text{ deer} | \text{tagged}) &= \frac{\Pr(\text{tagged} | 2 \text{ deer})\Pr(2 \text{ deer})}{\Pr(\text{tagged})} \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{5} \bigg/ \frac{137}{300} = \frac{30}{137} = 0.2190 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Pr(3 \text{ deer} | \text{tagged}) = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{5} \bigg/ \frac{137}{300} = \frac{20}{137} = 0.1460$$

$$\Pr(4 \text{ deer} | \text{tagged}) = \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{1}{5} \bigg/ \frac{137}{300} = \frac{15}{137} = 0.1095$$

$$\Pr(5 \text{ deer} | \text{tagged}) = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} \bigg/ \frac{137}{300} = \frac{12}{137} = 0.0876$$

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